


Usuba's extendible and resurrection


supervised by W. Hugh Woodin



Wojciech Aleksander Wołoszyn

 @WAWoloszyn

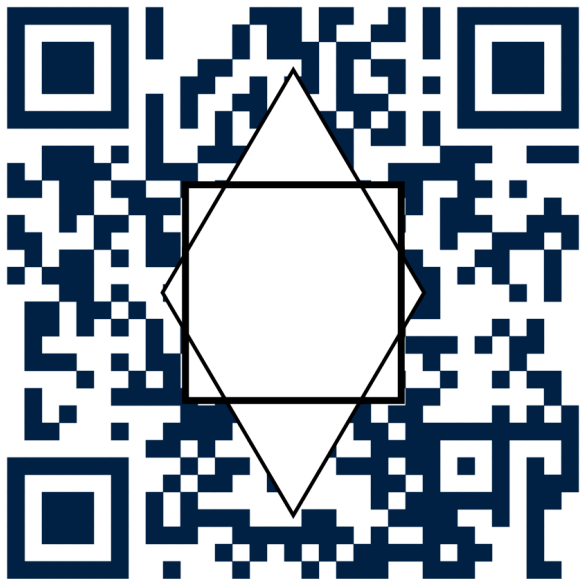
 www.woloszyn.org

 Mathematical Institute
University of Oxford

 St Hilda's College
Oxford

IMS Graduate Summer School in Logic
7th July 2022

Follow along!



Let $\diamond\varphi$ mean that φ is *forceable*, that is true in some forcing extension. And let \square be an operator dual to \diamond , which is to say $\square\varphi$ holds just in case $\neg\varphi$ is not forceable.

Let $\diamond\varphi$ mean that φ is *forceable*, that is true in some forcing extension. And let \square be an operator dual to \diamond , which is to say $\square\varphi$ holds just in case $\neg\varphi$ is not forceable.

The *resurrection axiom* with real parameters $\text{RA}(\mathbb{R})$ is the assertion

$$V \models \square(\varphi(r) \rightarrow \square\diamond\varphi(r)).$$

Let $\diamond\varphi$ mean that φ is *forceable*, that is true in some forcing extension. And let \square be an operator dual to \diamond , which is to say $\square\varphi$ holds just in case $\neg\varphi$ is not forceable.

The *resurrection axiom* with real parameters $\text{RA}(\mathbb{R})$ is the assertion

$$V \models \square(\varphi(r) \rightarrow \square\diamond\varphi(r)).$$

For a class of assertions Γ , the Γ -*resurrection axiom* with real parameters $\text{RA}_\Gamma(\mathbb{R})$ is the resurrection axiom with real parameters qualified to formulas $\varphi(x)$ from the class Γ .

Theorem (Woodin)

If there is a proper class of Woodin cardinals, then the Σ_2 -resurrection axiom with real parameters $\text{RA}_{\Sigma_2}(\mathbb{R})$ holds.

Theorem (Woodin)

If there is a proper class of Woodin cardinals, then the Σ_2 -resurrection axiom with real parameters $\text{RA}_{\Sigma_2}(\mathbb{R})$ holds.

Observation

Suppose there is one I0 cardinal λ and a proper class of Woodin cardinals. We can collapse λ , so there is only a proper class of Woodin cardinals and no I0 cardinals. But then we can resurrect the existence of I0 in any further generic extension.

Suppose M is a transitive inner model of ZFC. We say that M is a *ground* just in case there is a poset $\mathbb{P} \in M$ and an (M, \mathbb{P}) -generic $G \subseteq \mathbb{P}$ such that $M[G] = V$. The *mantle* is the intersection of all grounds of V . Usuba proved that the mantle is a model of ZFC.

Suppose M is a transitive inner model of ZFC. We say that M is a *ground* just in case there is a poset $\mathbb{P} \in M$ and an (M, \mathbb{P}) -generic $G \subseteq \mathbb{P}$ such that $M[G] = V$. The *mantle* is the intersection of all grounds of V . Usuba proved that the mantle is a model of ZFC.

Theorem (Usuba)

If there is an extendible cardinal, then the mantle is a ground.

Suppose M is a transitive inner model of ZFC. We say that M is a *ground* just in case there is a poset $\mathbb{P} \in M$ and an (M, \mathbb{P}) -generic $G \subseteq \mathbb{P}$ such that $M[G] = V$. The *mantle* is the intersection of all grounds of V . Usuba proved that the mantle is a model of ZFC.

Theorem (Usuba)

If there is an extendible cardinal, then the mantle is a ground.

Theorem (Goldberg)

It is consistent that Usuba's theorem fails in V_κ where κ is the least extendible cardinal.

Fact

If the mantle is a ground, then the resurrection axiom with real parameters $\text{RA}(\mathbb{R})$ fails.

Fact

If the mantle is a ground, then the resurrection axiom with real parameters $\text{RA}(\mathbb{R})$ fails.

Corollary

If there is an extendible cardinal, then the resurrection axiom with real parameters $\text{RA}(\mathbb{R})$ fails.

Fact

If the mantle is a ground, then the resurrection axiom with real parameters $\text{RA}(\mathbb{R})$ fails.

Corollary

If there is an extendible cardinal, then the resurrection axiom with real parameters $\text{RA}(\mathbb{R})$ fails.

But Woodin announced that the following is true.

Fact

If the mantle is a ground, then the resurrection axiom with real parameters $\text{RA}(\mathbb{R})$ fails.

Corollary

If there is an extendible cardinal, then the resurrection axiom with real parameters $\text{RA}(\mathbb{R})$ fails.

But Woodin announced that the following is true.

Theorem (Woodin)

If $(\text{ZF} + \text{AD}_{\mathbb{R}} + \Theta \text{ is regular})$ is consistent, then so is $\text{ZFC} + \text{RA}(\mathbb{R})$, where Θ is the least non-zero ordinal such that there is no surjection from the reals onto it.

The goal of the project:

The goal of the project:

- ▶ show that the tension between large cardinals and resurrection is about the complexity strength as opposed to the consistency strength, and

The goal of the project:

- ▶ show that the tension between large cardinals and resurrection is about the complexity strength as opposed to the consistency strength, and
- ▶ find an optimal stage in the complexity hierarchy where resurrection becomes inconsistent with the existence of large cardinals.

The goal of the project:

- ▶ show that the tension between large cardinals and resurrection is about the complexity strength as opposed to the consistency strength, and
- ▶ find an optimal stage in the complexity hierarchy where resurrection becomes inconsistent with the existence of large cardinals.

As a preview, let me briefly discuss the following theorem.

The goal of the project:

- ▶ show that the tension between large cardinals and resurrection is about the complexity strength as opposed to the consistency strength, and
- ▶ find an optimal stage in the complexity hierarchy where resurrection becomes inconsistent with the existence of large cardinals.

As a preview, let me briefly discuss the following theorem.

Theorem

Suppose the mantle \mathbb{M} is a ground. Then the Π_3 -resurrection axiom with real parameters $\text{RA}_{\Pi_3}(\mathbb{R})$ fails.

Proof sketch.

- ▶ For $V_\gamma \prec_{\Sigma_2} V$, we get that $\mathbb{M} \cap V_\gamma$ is the mantle of V_γ .

Proof sketch.

- ▶ For $V_\gamma \prec_{\Sigma_2} V$, we get that $\mathbb{M} \cap V_\gamma$ is the mantle of V_γ .
- ▶ Take a large enough cardinal λ and force with $\text{Coll}(\omega, \lambda)$.

Proof sketch.

- ▶ For $V_\gamma \prec_{\Sigma_2} V$, we get that $\mathbb{M} \cap V_\gamma$ is the mantle of V_γ .
- ▶ Take a large enough cardinal λ and force with $\text{Coll}(\omega, \lambda)$.
- ▶ In the generic extension, say $V[H]$, the mantle is still a ground but ω_1 is now the successor of the mantle.

Proof sketch.

- ▶ For $V_\gamma \prec_{\Sigma_2} V$, we get that $\mathbb{M} \cap V_\gamma$ is the mantle of V_γ .
- ▶ Take a large enough cardinal λ and force with $\text{Coll}(\omega, \lambda)$.
- ▶ In the generic extension, say $V[H]$, the mantle is still a ground but ω_1 is now the successor of the mantle.
- ▶ Take $\gamma > \lambda$ with $V_\gamma \prec_{\Sigma_2} V$. The mantle of $V[H]_\gamma$ is the real mantle— $\mathbb{M}^{V[H]_\gamma} = \mathbb{M} \cap V[H]_\gamma$.

Proof sketch.

- ▶ For $V_\gamma \prec_{\Sigma_2} V$, we get that $\mathbb{M} \cap V_\gamma$ is the mantle of V_γ .
- ▶ Take a large enough cardinal λ and force with $\text{Coll}(\omega, \lambda)$.
- ▶ In the generic extension, say $V[H]$, the mantle is still a ground but ω_1 is now the successor of the mantle.
- ▶ Take $\gamma > \lambda$ with $V_\gamma \prec_{\Sigma_2} V$. The mantle of $V[H]_\gamma$ is the real mantle— $\mathbb{M}^{V[H]_\gamma} = \mathbb{M} \cap V[H]_\gamma$.
- ▶ Let φ say that for any sufficiently large α with $V_\alpha \prec_{\Sigma_2} V$, ω_1 is the least cardinal of the mantle that is larger than the real coding λ .

Proof sketch.

- ▶ For $V_\gamma \prec_{\Sigma_2} V$, we get that $\mathbb{M} \cap V_\gamma$ is the mantle of V_γ .
- ▶ Take a large enough cardinal λ and force with $\text{Coll}(\omega, \lambda)$.
- ▶ In the generic extension, say $V[H]$, the mantle is still a ground but ω_1 is now the successor of the mantle.
- ▶ Take $\gamma > \lambda$ with $V_\gamma \prec_{\Sigma_2} V$. The mantle of $V[H]_\gamma$ is the real mantle— $\mathbb{M}^{V[H]_\gamma} = \mathbb{M} \cap V[H]_\gamma$.
- ▶ Let φ say that for any sufficiently large α with $V_\alpha \prec_{\Sigma_2} V$, ω_1 is the least cardinal of the mantle that is larger than the real coding λ .
- ▶ Thus, one can force the failure of φ but cannot resurrect it.

□

Thank you!



 @WAWoloszyn

 www.woloszyn.org

- [FHR15] Gunter Fuchs, Joel David Hamkins, and Jonas Reitz. “Set-theoretic geology”. In: *Annals of Pure and Applied Logic* 166.4 (2015), pp. 464–501. ISSN: 0168-0072. DOI: 10.1016/j.apal.2014.11.004. arXiv: 1107.4776 [math.LO]. URL: <http://jdh.hamkins.org/set-theoreticgeology>.
- [Gol21] Gabriel Goldberg. *Usuba’s extendible cardinal*. 2021. URL: <https://arxiv.org/abs/2108.06903>.
- [Lar04] Paul B Larson. *The stationary tower : notes on a course given by W. Hugh Woodin*. eng. University lecture series (Providence, R.I.) ; 32. Providence, R.I.: American Mathematical Society, 2004. ISBN: 9780821836040.
- [Usu19] Toshimichi Usuba. “Extendible cardinals and the mantle”. In: *Archive for Mathematical Logic* 58 (February 2019). DOI: 10.1007/s00153-018-0625-4.
- [Woo21] W. Hugh Woodin. Personal communication. June 2021.